

MISSOURI

POISON CENTER

1-800-222-1222

A Program of SSM Health Cardinal Glennon

**TOXIC AND
NON-TOXIC PLANTS**





THIS LIST CONTAINS THE MORE COMMON TOXIC AND NON-TOXIC PLANTS IN MISSOURI.

TOXIC MEANS POISONOUS WHILE NON-TOXIC MEANS NOT POISONOUS.

IF YOU DO NOT KNOW THE NAME OF A PLANT, HAVE IT IDENTIFIED AT A NURSERY, GARDEN CENTER OR BOTANICAL GARDEN.

IF YOU DO NOT FIND A CERTAIN PLANT ON THE LIST, CALL THE MISSOURI POISON CENTER AT 1-800-222-1222.

WHILE HOUSE AND GARDEN PLANTS ARE A COMMON CAUSE OF POISONING IN CHILDREN, TOUCHING OR EATING POISONOUS PLANTS CAN HARM PEOPLE OF ALL AGES.

EVEN NON TOXIC PLANTS CAN CAUSE UNEXPECTED PROBLEMS. IT IS BEST TO KEEP PLANTS OUT OF THE REACH OF YOUNG CHILDREN.

KNOWING ABOUT POISONOUS PLANTS WILL HELP KEEP YOU AND YOUR FAMILY SAFE.

PROTECT YOUR FAMILY

Keep house plants out of reach of babies and toddlers.

Make it your business to know the names of the plants you have in your home and yard. The Missouri Poison Center cannot identify a plant from a verbal description or texts over the phone.

Do not assume a plant is safe because birds or other animals eat it. Never eat any part of an unknown plant or mushroom and teach children the same; no leaves, stems, bark, seeds, or berries should be placed in their mouth.

Store plants and bulbs away from food so there are no accidental mix-ups. Seeds, bulbs, plant food, and pesticides should be out of sight and reach of children.

Keep pesticides and yard chemicals in their original containers. Make it a habit to place the cap back on securely and put the container away immediately after use.

Wear pants, long sleeve shirts, and gloves to avoid poison ivy and other skin irritating plants. Remove and launder clothing when done and wash any skin exposed to plants or pesticides with soap and water immediately after use.

Wear appropriate protective clothing while handling pesticide products. Dispose of pesticides as instructed on the product label. Look for the "storage and disposal" statement on the product.

DO NOT EAT WILD MUSHROOMS!

Even people who have been picking mushrooms for years have made mistakes. Eating poisonous mushrooms can cause a range of symptoms from nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea to severe kidney and liver damage.



NON-TOXIC PLANTS

The following plants are generally considered not harmful.

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Abelia | Dracaena | Norfolk Pine |
| African Violet | Easter Lily | Painted Lady |
| Aluminum Plant | Ferns | Petunia |
| Baby's Tears | Forsythia | Poinsettia |
| Begonia | Gardenia | Prayer Plant |
| Bird's Nest Fern | Geranium (Pictured Above) | Rose |
| Bloodleaf | Gloxinia | Rose of Sharon |
| Boston Fern | Hibiscus | Silver Vine |
| Bridal Veil | Honey Locust | Spider Plant |
| Butterfly Bush | Hosta | Swedish Ivy |
| Camellia | Impatiens | Tiger Lily |
| Christmas Cactus | Jade Plant | Tulip |
| Coleus | Kalanchoe | Velvet Plant |
| Corn Plant | Lavender | Venus Fly Trap |
| Creeping Charlie | Lilac | Zebra Plant |
| Creeping Jenny | Magnolia | Zinnia |
| Dandelion | Monkey Grass | |
| Day Lily | Mulberry | |



Hosta (Non-Toxic)



Forsythia (Non-Toxic)



Red Coleus (Non-Toxic)



Poison Ivy (Toxic)



Hydrangea (Toxic)



Holly (Toxic)



Dieffenbachia (Toxic)

TOXIC PLANTS

The following plants may be harmful.

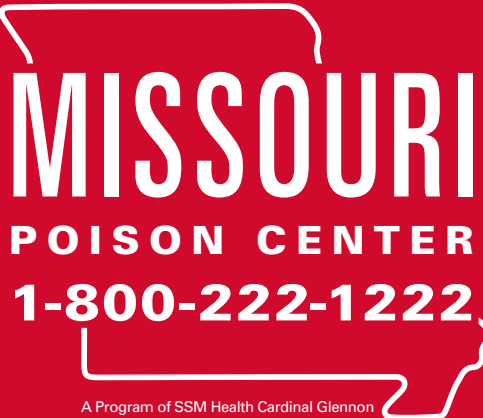
The plants listed as "toxic" include a range of mildly irritating plants to extremely poisonous plants.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Aloe | Jequirity Bean (Rosary Pea) |
| Amaryllis | Jerusalem Cherry |
| Arrowhead Vine | Jimson Weed |
| Autumn Crocus | Jonquil |
| Azalea | Larkspur |
| Bird of Paradise | Lily of the Valley |
| Bittersweet | Lobelia |
| Black Locust | Marigold |
| Black Nightshade | Mayapple |
| Boxwood | Mistletoe |
| Buckeye | Monkshood (Wolfsbane) |
| Burning Bush | Moonseed |
| Caladium | Morning Glory |
| Calla Lily | Oak (Acorn) |
| Castor Bean | Oleander |
| Chrysanthemum | Peace Lily |
| Crab Apple (seeds) | Peony |
| Croton | Periwinkle |
| Daffodil | Philodendron |
| Daphne | Pokeweed |
| Deadly Nightshade | Poison Hemlock |
| Devil's Ivy | Poison Ivy |
| Dieffenbachia | Poison Oak |
| Dumb Cane | Potato (green parts) |
| Elephant's Ear | Pothos |
| English Ivy | Pyracantha |
| Euonymus | Rhododendron |
| Fire Thorn | Rhubarb (leaf blades) |
| Foxglove | Rubber Tree |
| Gladiola | Schefflera |
| Golden Chain Tree | Tomato (vines) |
| Holly | Virginia Creeper |
| Hyacinth | Water Hemlock |
| Hydrangea | Wisteria |
| Iris | Yew |
| Jack-in-the-Pulpit | |

IF SOMEONE HAS INGESTED ANY PART OF A POISONOUS PLANT, CALL THE MISSOURI POISON CENTER AT 1-800-222-1222.

DO NOT WAIT FOR SYMPTOMS TO OCCUR!

POISON CENTER HELP IS FREE, EXPERT
AND CONFIDENTIAL. WE HELP PEOPLE OF
ALL AGES IN ALL TYPES OF SITUATIONS.



POISON HELP
IS A CALL AWAY.

7980 Clayton Road, Suite 200 | St. Louis, Missouri 63117

WWW.MISSOURIPOISONCENTER.ORG

